



EVERYBODY SCRUB IN.

Learn more at StopCDiffNow.org

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PHYSICIAN'S CHECKLIST



- Ask patients for history of C-diff**
- Be aware that some cases of diarrhea may be linked to C-diff**
- Test for C-diff when patients have had frequent diarrhea while on, during or shortly after antibiotic therapy**
- Isolate hospitalized patients with suspected or confirmed C-diff immediately**
- Wear gloves when treating patients with C-diff even during short visits. (Neither soap nor Hand sanitizer kills C-diff spores; don't take them with you out of the room)**
- Stay aware of new C-diff treatments being developed and other forms of treatments that won't involve dispensing antibiotics**
- Don't prescribe unnecessary antibiotics – About 50% of all antibiotics given are not needed, unnecessarily raising the risk of C-diff infections. Tell your patients, it's not worth the risk**
- Contact precautions for duration of diarrhea (extend contact precautions beyond duration of diarrhea, e.g., 48 hours)**
- Regular cleaning and disinfection of all office patient care equipment**
- Wash hands with soap and water after using the restroom**

